

specific topic.

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\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:47:25 ON 07 MAR 2006

=> file medline

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.21

0.21

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:47:38 ON 07 MAR 2006

FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 MAR 2006 (20060304/UP). FILE COVERS 1950 TO DATE.

On December 11, 2005, the 2006 MeSH terms were loaded.

The MEDLINE reload for 2006 is now (26 Feb.) available. For details on the 2006 reload, enter HELP RLOAD at an arrow prompt (=>). See also:

<http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/>  
[http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd04/nd04\\_mesh.html](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd04/nd04_mesh.html)  
[http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd05/nd05\\_med\\_data\\_changes.html](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd05/nd05_med_data_changes.html)  
[http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd05/nd05\\_2006\\_MeSH.html](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd05/nd05_2006_MeSH.html)

OLDMEDLINE is covered back to 1950.

MEDLINE thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2006 vocabulary.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s anti () PEG

616721 ANTI

6 ANTIS

616725 ANTI

(ANTI OR ANTIS)

9879 PEG

777 PEGS

10278 PEG

(PEG OR PEGS)

L1 7 ANTI (W) PEG

=> s l1 not py>2000

2953639 PY>2000

(PY>20009999)

L2 4 L1 NOT PY>2000

=> d ibib 1-4

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 4

MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000191525 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10725103

TITLE: Efficient clearance of poly(ethylene glycol)-modified immunoenzyme with anti-PEG monoclonal antibody for prodrug cancer therapy.

AUTHOR: Cheng T L; Chen B M; Chern J W; Wu M F; Roffler S R  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Biomedical Sciences, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan.  
SOURCE: Bioconjugate chemistry, (2000 Mar-Apr) Vol. 11, No. 2, pp. 258-66.  
Journal code: 9010319. ISSN: 1043-1802.  
PUB. COUNTRY: United States  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 200005  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000613  
Last Updated on STN: 20000613  
Entered Medline: 20000531

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998089627 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9428158  
TITLE: Immobilization of L-asparaginase into a biocompatible poly(ethylene glycol)-albumin hydrogel: evaluation of performance in vivo.  
AUTHOR: Jean-Francois J; D'Urso E M; Fortier G  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Departement de Chimie-Biochimie, Universite du Quebec, Montreal, Canada.  
SOURCE: Biotechnology and applied biochemistry, (1997 Dec) Vol. 26 ( Pt 3), pp. 203-12.  
Journal code: 8609465. ISSN: 0885-4513.  
PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 199802  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980217  
Last Updated on STN: 20000303  
Entered Medline: 19980205

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 84160696 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 6706424  
TITLE: Polyethylene glycol reactive antibodies in man: titer distribution in allergic patients treated with monomethoxy polyethylene glycol modified allergens or placebo, and in healthy blood donors.  
AUTHOR: Richter A W; Akerblom E  
SOURCE: International archives of allergy and applied immunology, (1984) Vol. 74, No. 1, pp. 36-9.  
Journal code: 0404561. ISSN: 0020-5915.  
PUB. COUNTRY: Switzerland  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 198405  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900319  
Last Updated on STN: 19970203  
Entered Medline: 19840522

L2 ANSWER 4 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 83107741 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 6401699  
TITLE: Antibodies against polyethylene glycol produced in animals by immunization with monomethoxy polyethylene glycol modified proteins.  
AUTHOR: Richter A W; Akerblom E  
SOURCE: International archives of allergy and applied immunology,

(1983) Vol. 70, No. 2, pp. 124-31.  
 Journal code: 0404561. ISSN: 0020-5915.  
 PUB. COUNTRY: Switzerland  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
 ENTRY MONTH: 198303  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900318  
 Last Updated on STN: 19900318  
 Entered Medline: 19830311

=> d abs 3

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN  
 AB Antibodies to polyethylene glycol (PEG) were analyzed in patients with various allergies and in healthy blood donors employing passive hemagglutination. In untreated allergic patients and in healthy blood donors, naturally occurring anti-PEG antibody titers between 32 and 512 were seen in 3.3 and 0.2%, respectively. During hyposensitization with monomethoxy polyethylene glycol modified ragweed extract and honey bee venom, respectively, the patients showed an anti-PEG antibody response. Titers of 32-512 were found in 50% of the patients directly after the first treatment course. After 2 years of treatment the percentage of patients with such titers declined to 28.5%. Mercaptoethanol treatment of sera indicated that the anti-PEG antibodies predominantly were of the IgM isotype. The weak IgM response found in treated patients is considered to be of no clinical significance.

=> s ABS 2

5100 ABS  
 3230499 2

L3 42 ABS 2  
 (ABS(W)2)

=> d abs 12 2

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN  
 AB The L-asparaginase of Escherichia coli (ASNase) is currently used in combination with antineoplastic drugs to treat various lymphoblastic leukaemias. However, its use is limited by severe immunological reactions and the short serum half-life associated with the enzyme. Immobilization of ASNase into a biocompatible matrix can greatly decrease the immunogenicity of the enzyme, increase its half-life in vivo and its therapeutic index. Thus the E. coli ASNase was immobilized in a biocompatible hydrogel made of rat serum albumin and poly(ethylene glycol) (PEG; molecular mass 10 kDa). The effectiveness of this enzymic bioreactor to deplete serum L-asparagine was evaluated after its peritoneal implantation in rats. Seven units of immobilized ASNase/rat depleted serum asparagine to an undetectable level (< 1 microm) during 6 days, while 5 units of immobilized ASNase/rat decreased the level of serum asparagine by 85-90% during at least 2 days. Under both conditions asparagine levels returned to normal about 10 days after surgery, and hydrogels still retained 80% of their enzymic activity when assayed in vitro. After 10-14 days in vivo, hydrogels became opaque and surrounded by a fibrotic capsule with a few inflammatory sites. Nevertheless, the enzymic hydrogel showed great stability in vivo, and, after 4 months of implantation, 12% of the initial ASNase activity was still present. At 6 months, histological analysis showed stabilization of the fibrotic capsule thickness. Assays on the levels of ASNase and asparagine synthetase indicated an induction of the latter activity, mainly in the pancreas when compared with the level observed in spleen or liver. ELISA tests at 28

days and 120 days showed the presence of anti-ASNase (and, in lower amounts, anti-PEG) antibodies in sera of implanted rats. As observed with other enzyme-immobilization systems used in vivo, the formation of fibroblast-like cell layers around the implant, which block the translocation of the substrate into the enzymic matrix, is the major factor affecting the performance and longevity of the bioreactor.

```
=> s anti () (polyethylene glycol)
    616721 ANTI
      6 ANTIS
    616725 ANTI
      (ANTI OR ANTIS)
    35662 POLYETHYLENE
      5898 POLYETHYLENES
    38703 POLYETHYLENE
      (POLYETHYLENE OR POLYETHYLENES)
    23440 GLYCOL
    28763 GLYCOLS
    41826 GLYCOL
      (GLYCOL OR GLYCOLS)
    23715 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL
      (POLYETHYLENE(W)GLYCOL)
```

L4 1 ANTI (W) (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL)

=> d ibib

```
L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999278171 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10346886
TITLE: Accelerated clearance of polyethylene glycol-modified
        proteins by anti-polyethylene
        glycol IgM.
AUTHOR: Cheng T L; Wu P Y; Wu M F; Chern J W; Roffler S R
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Biomedical Sciences, Academia Sinica, College
                  of Medicine, National Taiwan University, Taipei, Taiwan..
SOURCE: Bioconjugate chemistry, (1999 May-Jun) Vol. 10, No. 3, pp.
        520-8.
        Journal code: 9010319. ISSN: 1043-1802.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199907
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19990715
            Last Updated on STN: 19990715
            Entered Medline: 19990707
```

```
=> s antibod? (against or to) (peg or (polyethylene glycol))
MISSING OPERATOR 'ANTIBOD? (AGAINST'
The search profile that was entered contains terms or
nested terms that are not separated by a logical operator.
```

```
=> s antibod? (s) (against or to) (s) (peg or (polyethylene glycol))
    708410 ANTIBOD?
    455081 AGAINST
      6 AGAINSTS
    455085 AGAINST
      (AGAINST OR AGAINSTS)
    7985384 TO
      859 TOS
    7985637 TO
      (TO OR TOS)
```

```

          9879 PEG
          777 PEGS
10278 PEG
          (PEG OR PEGS)
35662 POLYETHYLENE
          5898 POLYETHYLENES
38703 POLYETHYLENE
          (POLYETHYLENE OR POLYETHYLENES)
23440 GLYCOL
28763 GLYCOLS
41826 GLYCOL
          (GLYCOL OR GLYCOLS)
23715 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL
          (POLYETHYLENE(W)GLYCOL)
L5          456 ANTIBOD? (S) (AGAINST OR TO) (S) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL))

```

```

=> s clear? or remov?
          358107 CLEAR?
          281667 REMOV?
L6          626149 CLEAR? OR REMOV?

```

```

=> s l6 and l5
L7          68 L6 AND L5

```

```

=> s l7 not py>1999
          3443289 PY>1999
          (PY>199999999)
L8          49 L7 NOT PY>1999

```

```

=> d scan
'DISPLAY SCAN' IS NOT VALID IN CURRENT FILE

```

The DISPLAY SCAN command is not valid in the current file.  
Enter HELP FORMATS and HELP DFIELDS to see valid DISPLAY options in current file.

```

=> d l1

```

```

L1  ANSWER 1 OF 7      MEDLINE on STN
AN  2005175711      MEDLINE
DN  PubMed ID: 15809678
TI  Repeated injections of PEG-PE liposomes generate anti-
    PEG antibodies.
AU  Sroda Kamila; Rydlewski Janusz; Langner Marek; Kozubek Arkadiusz; Grzybek
    Michal; Sikorski Aleksander F
CS  Academic Centre for the Biotechnology of Lipid Aggregates,
    Przybyszewskiego 63/77, 51-148 Wroclaw, Poland.. afsbc@ibmb.uni.wroc.pl
SO  Cellular & molecular biology letters, (2005) Vol. 10, No. 1, pp. 37-47.
    Journal code: 9607427. ISSN: 1425-8153.
CY  Poland
DT  Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LA  English
FS  Priority Journals
EM  200508
ED  Entered STN: 20050406
    Last Updated on STN: 20050806
    Entered Medline: 20050805

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=> d l8 1

```

```

L8  ANSWER 1 OF 49      MEDLINE on STN
AN  1999333743      MEDLINE
DN  PubMed ID: 10403934

```

TI Heat treatment of normal human sera reveals antibodies to bactericidal permeability-inducing protein (BPI).  
 AU Brownlee A A; Lockwood C M  
 CS University of Cambridge, School of Clinical Medicine, Addenbrooke's Hospital, Cambridge, UK.  
 SO Clinical and experimental immunology, (1999 Jul) Vol. 117, No. 1, pp. 183-9.  
 Journal code: 0057202. ISSN: 0009-9104.  
 CY ENGLAND: United Kingdom  
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LA English  
 FS Priority Journals  
 EM 199907  
 ED Entered STN: 19990806  
 Last Updated on STN: 19990806  
 Entered Medline: 19990728

=> d kwic

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 49 MEDLINE on STN  
 AB . . . was maximal at 56 degrees C, with substantial antibody demonstrable after only 5 min at this temperature. In experiments using polyethylene glycol (PEG) 6000 to remove immune complexes, the effect of heating could be abrogated by preincubation with 8% PEG, which suggested that these anti BPI antibodies might be complexed in sera. After passage of normal plasma over a protein G column, the acid-eluted fraction contained elevated. . .

=> s antibod? (w) (against or to) (w) (peg or (polyethylene glycol))  
 708410 ANTIBOD?  
 455081 AGAINST  
 6 AGAINSTS  
 455085 AGAINST  
 (AGAINST OR AGAINSTS)  
 7985384 TO  
 859 TOS  
 7985637 TO  
 (TO OR TOS)  
 9879 PEG  
 777 PEGS  
 10278 PEG  
 (PEG OR PEGS)  
 35662 POLYETHYLENE  
 5898 POLYETHYLENES  
 38703 POLYETHYLENE  
 (POLYETHYLENE OR POLYETHYLENES)  
 23440 GLYCOL  
 28763 GLYCOLS  
 41826 GLYCOL  
 (GLYCOL OR GLYCOLS)  
 23715 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL  
 (POLYETHYLENE(W) GLYCOL)  
 L9 11 ANTIBOD? (W) (AGAINST OR TO) (W) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL))  
 => s 19 and 16  
 L10 0 L9 AND L6  
 => s 19 not py>2000  
 2953639 PY>2000  
 (PY>20009999)  
 L11 8 L9 NOT PY>2000

=> d ibib 1-8

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999382152 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10454349  
TITLE: Detection and characterization of antibodies  
to PEG-IFN-alpha2b using surface plasmon  
resonance.  
AUTHOR: Takacs M A; Jacobs S 'J; Bordens R M; Swanson S J  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Schering-Plough Research Institute, Kenilworth, NJ 07033,  
USA.  
SOURCE: Journal of interferon & cytokine research : the official  
journal of the International Society for Interferon and  
Cytokine Research, (1999 Jul) Vol. 19, No. 7, pp. 781-9.  
Journal code: 9507088. ISSN: 1079-9907.  
PUB. COUNTRY: United States  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 199910  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19991101  
Last Updated on STN: 19991101  
Entered Medline: 19991019

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 97431634 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9287139  
TITLE: Immunoliposomes bearing polyethyleneglycol-coupled Fab'  
fragment show prolonged circulation time and high  
extravasation into targeted solid tumors in vivo.  
AUTHOR: Maruyama K; Takahashi N; Tagawa T; Nagaike K; Iwatsuru M  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Teikyo University,  
Kanagawa, Japan.. maruyama@pharm.teikyo-u.ac.jp  
SOURCE: FEBS letters, (1997 Aug 11) Vol. 413, No. 1, pp. 177-80.  
Journal code: 0155157. ISSN: 0014-5793.  
PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 199710  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19971224  
Last Updated on STN: 19971224  
Entered Medline: 19971030

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 93165399 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 8433874  
TITLE: Enzyme replacement therapy with polyethylene  
glycol-adenosine deaminase in adenosine deaminase  
deficiency: overview and case reports of three patients,  
including two now receiving gene therapy.  
AUTHOR: Hershfield M S; Chaffee S; Sorensen R U  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Medicine, Duke University Medical Center,  
Durham, North Carolina 27710.  
CONTRACT NUMBER: DK20902 (NIDDK)  
RR00080 (NCRR)  
SOURCE: Pediatric research, (1993 Jan) Vol. 33, No. 1 Suppl, pp.  
S42-7; discussion S47-8. Ref: 19  
Journal code: 0100714. ISSN: 0031-3998.  
PUB. COUNTRY: United States  
DOCUMENT TYPE: (CASE REPORTS)  
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
General Review; (REVIEW)

LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 199303  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19930402  
Last Updated on STN: 19930402  
Entered Medline: 19930318

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 86007216 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 2412977  
TITLE: Studies on antigenicity of the polyethylene glycol  
(PEG)-modified uricase.  
AUTHOR: Tsuji J; Hirose K; Kasahara E; Naitoh M; Yamamoto I  
SOURCE: International journal of immunopharmacology, (1985) Vol. 7,  
No. 5, pp. 725-30.  
Journal code: 7904799. ISSN: 0192-0561.  
PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 198511  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900321  
Last Updated on STN: 19900321  
Entered Medline: 19851121

L11 ANSWER 5 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 85156525 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 3980111  
TITLE: Immune responses to polyethylene glycol modified  
L-asparaginase in mice.  
AUTHOR: Kawamura K; Igarashi T; Fujii T; Kamisaki Y; Wada H;  
Kishimoto S  
SOURCE: International archives of allergy and applied immunology,  
(1985) Vol. 76, No. 4, pp. 324-30.  
Journal code: 0404561. ISSN: 0020-5915.  
PUB. COUNTRY: Switzerland  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 198505  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900320  
Last Updated on STN: 19900320  
Entered Medline: 19850513

L11 ANSWER 6 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 84160696 MEDLINE  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 6706424  
TITLE: Polyethylene glycol reactive antibodies in man: titer  
distribution in allergic patients treated with monomethoxy  
polyethylene glycol modified allergens or placebo, and in  
healthy blood donors.  
AUTHOR: Richter A W; Akerblom E  
SOURCE: International archives of allergy and applied immunology,  
(1984) Vol. 74, No. 1, pp. 36-9.  
Journal code: 0404561. ISSN: 0020-5915.  
PUB. COUNTRY: Switzerland  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 198405  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900319  
Last Updated on STN: 19970203  
Entered Medline: 19840522



L11 ANSWER 7 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 83107741 MEDLINE  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 6401699  
 TITLE: Antibodies against polyethylene glycol produced in animals by immunization with monomethoxy polyethylene glycol modified proteins.  
 AUTHOR: Richter A W; Akerblom E  
 SOURCE: International archives of allergy and applied immunology, (1983) Vol. 70, No. 2, pp. 124-31.  
 Journal code: 0404561. ISSN: 0020-5915.  
 PUB. COUNTRY: Switzerland  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
 ENTRY MONTH: 198303  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900318  
 Last Updated on STN: 19900318  
 Entered Medline: 19830311

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 77187848 MEDLINE  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 16907  
 TITLE: Effect of covalent attachment of polyethylene glycol on immunogenicity and circulating life of bovine liver catalase.  
 AUTHOR: Abuchowski A; McCoy J R; Palczuk N C; van Es T; Davis F F  
 SOURCE: The Journal of biological chemistry, (1977 Jun 10) Vol. 252, No. 11, pp. 3582-6.  
 Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.  
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
 ENTRY MONTH: 197707  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900314  
 Last Updated on STN: 19950206  
 Entered Medline: 19770723

=> d abs 8

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN  
 AB Methoxypolyethylene glycols of 1900 daltons (PEG-1900) or 5000 daltons (PEG-5000) were covalently attached to bovine liver catalase using 2,4,6-trichloro-s-triazine as the coupling agent. Rabbits were immunized by the intravenous and intramuscular routes with catalase modified by covalent attachment of PEG-1900 to 43% of the amino groups (PEG-1900-catalase). The intravenous antiserum did not yield detectable antibodies against PEG-1900-catalase or native catalase, as determined by Ouchterlony and complement fixation methods, whereas the intramuscular antiserum contained antibodies to both PEG-1900-catalase and catalase. PEG-1900 did not react with either antiserum. Catalase was prepared in which PEG-5000 was attached to 40% of the amino groups (PEG-5000-catalase). This catalase preparation did not react with either antiserum. PEG-1900-catalase retained 93% of its enzymatic activity; PEG-5000-catalase retained 95%. PEG-5000-catalase resisted digestion by trypsin, chymotrypsin, and a protease from *Streptomyces griseus*. PEG-1900-catalase and PEG-5000-catalase exhibited enhanced circulating lives in the blood of acatalasemic mice during repetitive intravenous injections. No evidence was seen of an immune response to injections of the modified enzymes. Mice injected repetitively with PEG-5000-catalase remained immune competent for unmodified catalase, and no evidence of tissue or organ damage was seen.

=> file caplsu  
'CAPLSU' IS NOT A VALID FILE NAME  
SESSION CONTINUES IN FILE 'MEDLINE'  
Enter "HELP FILE NAMES" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of files that are available. If you have requested multiple files, you can specify a corrected file name or you can enter "IGNORE" to continue accessing the remaining file names entered.

=> file caplus		
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	7.04	7.25

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:54:30 ON 07 MAR 2006  
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Mar 2006 VOL 144 ISS 11  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 Mar 2006 (20060306/ED)

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<http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html>

=> s anti () PEG  
398531 ANTI  
9 ANTIS  
398538 ANTI  
(ANTI OR ANTIS)  
35011 PEG  
1176 PEGS  
35503 PEG  
(PEG OR PEGS)  
L12 10 ANTI (W) PEG

=> s l12 not py>2000  
5537520 PY>2000  
L13 5 L12 NOT PY>2000

=> d ibib 1-5

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:334699 CAPLUS  
TITLE: Bioactive poly(ethylene glycol)-insulin conjugates with enhanced stability and reduced immunogenicity.  
AUTHOR(S): Hinds, Ken; Joss, Lisa; Rihova, Blanka; Koh, Jae Joon; Liu, Feng; Baudys, Miroslav; Kim, Sung Wan  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmaceuticals and Pharmaceutical Chemistry / CCCD, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT, 84112, USA

SOURCE: Book of Abstracts, 219th ACS National Meeting, San Francisco, CA, March 26-30, 2000 (2000), POLY-511. American Chemical Society: Washington, D. C.  
CODEN: 69CLAC

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Meeting Abstract  
LANGUAGE: English

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:125916 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:298658  
TITLE: Efficient Clearance of Polyethylene glycol-Modified Immunoenzyme with Anti-PEG Monoclonal Antibody for Prodrug Cancer Therapy  
AUTHOR(S): Cheng, Tian-Lu; Chen, Bing-Mae; Chern, Ji-Wang; Wu, Ming-Fang; Roffler, Steve R.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Biomedical Sciences, Academia Sinica, School of Pharmacy National Taiwan University College of Medicine, Taipei, Taiwan  
SOURCE: Bioconjugate Chemistry (2000), 11(2), 258-266  
CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802  
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
REFERENCE COUNT: 57 THERE ARE 57 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:239090 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:63325  
TITLE: Accelerated Clearance of Polyethylene Glycol-Modified Proteins by Anti-Polyethylene Glycol IgM  
AUTHOR(S): Cheng, Tian-Lu; Wu, Pin-Yi; Wu, Ming-Fang; Chern, Ji-Wang; Roffler, Steve R.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Biomedical Sciences, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan  
SOURCE: Bioconjugate Chemistry (1999), 10(3), 520-528  
CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802  
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
REFERENCE COUNT: 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:24552 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:162592  
TITLE: Immobilization of L-asparaginase into a biocompatible poly(ethylene glycol)-albumin hydrogel: evaluation of performance in vivo  
AUTHOR(S): Jean-Francois, Jacques; D'urso, Edith Marie; Fortier, Guy  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire d'Enzymologie Appliquee, Departement de Chimie-Biochimie, Universite du Quebec, Montreal, Montreal, QC, H3C 3P8, Can.  
SOURCE: Biotechnology and Applied Biochemistry (1997), 26(3), 203-212  
CODEN: BABIEC; ISSN: 0885-4513  
PUBLISHER: Portland Press Ltd.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
REFERENCE COUNT: 46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:15249 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:15249  
TITLE: Antibodies against polyethylene glycol produced in  
animals by immunization with monomethoxy polyethylene  
glycol-modified proteins  
AUTHOR(S): Richter, Ary Wolfgang; Aakerblom, Eva  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biomed. Res., Pharm. AB, Uppsala, 75104, Swed.  
SOURCE: International Archives of Allergy and Applied  
Immunology (1983), 70(2), 124-31  
CODEN: IAAAAM; ISSN: 0020-5915  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

=> s antibod? (w) (against or to) (w) (peg or (polyethylene glycol))  
455631 ANTIBOD?  
678912 AGAINST  
37 AGAINSTS  
678927 AGAINST  
(AGAINST OR AGAINSTS)  
0 TO  
1364 TOS  
1364 TO  
(TO OR TOS)  
35011 PEG  
1176 PEGS  
35503 PEG  
(PEG OR PEGS)  
338433 POLYETHYLENE  
12590 POLYETHYLENES  
342295 POLYETHYLENE  
(POLYETHYLENE OR POLYETHYLENES)  
344776 GLYCOL  
44765 GLYCOLS  
360101 GLYCOL  
(GLYCOL OR GLYCOLS)  
97872 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL  
(POLYETHYLENE(W) GLYCOL)  
L14 4 ANTIBOD? (W) (AGAINST OR TO) (W) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL))

=> d ibib 1-4

L14 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:191308 CAPLUS  
TITLE: Control of hyperuricemia in subjects with refractory  
gout, and induction of antibody against poly(ethylene)  
glycol (PEG), in a phase I trial of subcutaneous  
PEGylated urate oxidase  
AUTHOR(S): Ganson, Nancy J.; Kelly, Susan J.; Scarlett, Edna;  
Sundy, John S.; Hershfield, Michael S.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Rheumatology, Duke University Medical  
Center, Durham, NC, 27710, USA  
SOURCE: Arthritis Research & Therapy (2006), 8(1), No pp.  
given  
CODEN: ARTRCV; ISSN: 1478-6362  
URL: <http://arthritis-research.com/content/pdf/ar1861.pdf>  
PUBLISHER: BioMed Central Ltd.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; (online computer file)  
LANGUAGE: English

L14 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:539940 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:139940

TITLE: Studies on antigenicity of the polyethylene glycol (PEG)-modified uricase  
AUTHOR(S): Tsuji, Junichi; Hirose, Katsumi; Kasahara, Etsuko; Naitoh, Maki; Yamamoto, Itaru  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Toyobo Res. Cent., Toyobo Co., Ltd., Ohtsu, 520-02, Japan  
SOURCE: International Journal of Immunopharmacology (1985), 7(5), 725-30  
CODEN: IJIMDS; ISSN: 0192-0561  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

L14 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:15249 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:15249  
TITLE: Antibodies against polyethylene glycol produced in animals by immunization with monomethoxy polyethylene glycol-modified proteins  
AUTHOR(S): Richter, Ary Wolfgang; Aakerblom, Eva  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biomed. Res., Pharm. AB, Uppsala, 75104, Swed.  
SOURCE: International Archives of Allergy and Applied Immunology (1983), 70(2), 124-31  
CODEN: IAAAAM; ISSN: 0020-5915  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

L14 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:449460 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 87:49460  
TITLE: Effect of covalent attachment of polyethylene glycol on immunogenicity and circulating life of bovine liver catalase  
AUTHOR(S): Abuchowski, Abraham; McCoy, John R.; Palczuk, Nicholas C.; Van Es, Theo; Davis, Frank F.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biochem., Rutgers, State Univ., New Brunswick, NJ, USA  
SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (1977), 252(11), 3582-6  
CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

=> s clear? or remov?  
437130 CLEAR?  
1200397 REMOV?  
L15 1611632 CLEAR? OR REMOV?

=> s l15 and l14  
L16 0 L15 AND L14

=> s l14 and retent? or retain?  
179765 RETENT?  
195985 RETAIN?  
L17 195985 L14 AND RETENT? OR RETAIN?

=> s l14 and (retent? or retain?)  
179765 RETENT?  
195985 RETAIN?  
L18 1 L14 AND (RETENT? OR RETAIN?)

=> d ibib

L18 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:449460 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 87:49460  
 TITLE: Effect of covalent attachment of polyethylene glycol  
 on immunogenicity and circulating life of bovine liver  
 catalase  
 AUTHOR(S): Abuchowski, Abraham; McCoy, John R.; Palczuk, Nicholas  
 C.; Van Es, Theo; Davis, Frank F.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biochem., Rutgers, State Univ., New Brunswick,  
 NJ, USA  
 SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (1977), 252(11),  
 3582-6  
 CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

=> d abs kwic

L18 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AB Methoxypolyethylene glycols of 1900 daltons (PEG-1900) or 5000 daltons  
 (PEG-5000) were covalently attached to bovine liver catalase (I) using  
 2,4,6-trichloro-s-triazine as the coupling agent. Rabbits were immunized  
 i.v. and i.m. with I modified by covalent attachment of PEG-1900 to 43% of  
 the NH2 groups (PEG-1900-I). The i.v. antiserum had no detectable  
 antibodies against PEG-1900-I or native I,  
 whereas the i.m. antiserum contained antibodies to both PEG-1900-I and I.  
 PEG-1900 did not react with either antiserum. I was prepared in which  
 PEG-5000 was attached to 40% of the NH2 groups (PEG-5000-I). This I  
 preparation did not react with either antiserum. PEG-1900-I retained  
 93% of its activity; PEG-5000-I retained 95%. PEG-5000-I  
 resisted digestion by trypsin, chymotrypsin, and a protease from  
 Streptomyces griseus. PEG-1900-I and PEG-5000-I had enhanced circulating  
 lives in the blood of acatalasemic mice during repetitive i.v. injections.  
 No evidence was seen of an immune response to injections of the modified  
 I. Mice injected repetitively with PEG-5000-I remained immune competent  
 for unmodified I, and no evidence of tissue or organ damage was seen.  
 AB . . . I modified by covalent attachment of PEG-1900 to 43% of the NH2  
 groups (PEG-1900-I). The i.v. antiserum had no detectable  
 antibodies against PEG-1900-I or native I,  
 whereas the i.m. antiserum contained antibodies to both PEG-1900-I and I.  
 PEG-1900 did not react with either. . . PEG-5000 was attached to 40% of  
 the NH2 groups (PEG-5000-I). This I preparation did not react with either  
 antiserum. PEG-1900-I retained 93% of its activity; PEG-5000-I  
 retained 95%. PEG-5000-I resisted digestion by trypsin,  
 chymotrypsin, and a protease from Streptomyces griseus. PEG-1900-I and  
 PEG-5000-I had enhanced circulating lives. . .

=> file pctfull

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	44.55	51.80
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-0.75	-0.75

FILE 'PCTFULL' ENTERED AT 10:57:26 ON 07 MAR 2006  
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 Univentio

FILE LAST UPDATED: 05 MAR 2006 <20060305/UPTX>  
 MOST RECENT UPDATE WEEK: 200608  
 FILE COVERS 1978 TO DATE

>>> IMAGES ARE AVAILABLE ONLINE AND FOR EMAIL-PRINTS <<<

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DEVELOPMENTS AND SEE OUR NEWS SECTION FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

>>> UPDATING OF BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA DELAYED DUE TO DELIVERY  
FORMAT CHANGES <<<

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ONLY, USE FIELD CODE FPI <<<

>>> SDI SEARCHES (ALERTS) WILL BE RESUMED WHEN BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA  
BECOME AVAILABLE <<<

=> s anti () PEG

170585 ANTI

169 ANTIS

170619 ANTI

(ANTI OR ANTIS)

35845 PEG

5031 PEGS

38005 PEG

(PEG OR PEGS)

L19 7 ANTI (W) PEG

=> s l19 not py>2000

550224 PY>2000

L20 0 L19 NOT PY>2000

=> s antibod? (w) (against or to) (w) (peg or (polyethylene glycol))

85695 ANTIBOD?

344502 AGAINST

14 AGAINSTS

344503 AGAINST

(AGAINST OR AGAINSTS)

1040820 TO

3118 TOS

1040871 TO

(TO OR TOS)

35845 PEG

5031 PEGS

38005 PEG

(PEG OR PEGS)

132183 POLYETHYLENE

5725 POLYETHYLENES

132985 POLYETHYLENE

(POLYETHYLENE OR POLYETHYLENES)

106336 GLYCOL

41630 GLYCOLS

113363 GLYCOL

(GLYCOL OR GLYCOLS)

67563 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL

(POLYETHYLENE(W) GLYCOL)

L21 15 ANTIBOD? (W) (AGAINST OR TO) (W) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL))

=> s l15 not py>2000

303559 CLEAR?

489065 REMOV?

550224 PY>2000

L22 293482 L15 NOT PY>2000

=> s l21 not py>2000

550224 PY>2000

L23 5 L21 NOT PY>2000

=> d ibib 1-5

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006017355 PCTFULL  
no bibliographic data available - please use FPI for PI information  
DESIGNATED STATES

L23 ANSWER 2 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000024770 PCTFULL ED 20020515  
TITLE (ENGLISH): DIMERIC THROMBOPOIETIN PEPTIDE MIMETICS BINDING TO MP1  
RECEPTOR AND HAVING THROMBOPOIETIC ACTIVITY  
TITLE (FRENCH): COMPOSES THROMBOPOIETIQUES  
INVENTOR(S): LIU, Chuan-Fa;  
FEIGE, Ulrich;  
CHEETHAM, Janet  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): AMGEN INC.  
LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
WO 2000024770	A2	20000504

DESIGNATED STATES

W:

AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE  
DK DM EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE  
KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX  
NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA  
UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW AM  
AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB  
GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML  
MR NE SN TD TG

APPLICATION INFO.: WO 1999-US24834 A 19991022  
PRIORITY INFO.: US 1998-60/105,348 19981023

L23 ANSWER 3 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995004159 PCTFULL ED 20020514  
TITLE (ENGLISH): BLOOD LEAD DIAGNOSTIC ASSAY  
TITLE (FRENCH): PROCEDE DIAGNOSTIQUE DE DETERMINATION DE LA PRESENCE DE  
PLOMB DANS LE SANG  
INVENTOR(S): JAFFE, Eileen, K.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): FOX CHASE CANCER CENTER  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
WO 9504159	A1	19950209

DESIGNATED STATES

W:

CA JP AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE  
APPLICATION INFO.: WO 1994-US8626 A 19940802  
PRIORITY INFO.: US 1993-8/100,980 19930803

L23 ANSWER 4 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993008838 PCTFULL ED 20020513  
TITLE (ENGLISH): ORAL PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION CONTAINING POLYETHYLENE  
GLYCOL IMMUNOGLOBULIN CONJUGATE  
TITLE (FRENCH): COMPOSITION PHARMACEUTIQUE ORALE CONTENANT UN CONJUGUE  
D'IMMUNOGLOBULINE DE POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL  
INVENTOR(S): CUNNINGHAM-RUNDLES, Charlotte  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): MOUNT SINAI SCHOOL OF MEDICINE OF THE CITY UNIVERSITY  
OF NEW YORK  
LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English



DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
WO 9308838	A1	19930513

DESIGNATED STATES

W:

AU CA JP AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL SE

APPLICATION INFO.:

WO 1992-US8784 A 19921015

PRIORITY INFO.:

US 1991-7/783,360 19911028

L23 ANSWER 5 OF 5

PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993000109 PCTFULL ED 20020513

TITLE (ENGLISH):

METHOD OF STIMULATING IMMUNE RESPONSE USING GROWTH HORMONE

TITLE (FRENCH):

PROCEDE DE STIMULATION DE LA REPOSE IMMUNITAIRE A L'AIDE D'HORMONE DE CROISSANCE

INVENTOR(S):

CARLSSON, Lena, Mariana, Susann;

CLARK, Ross, G.;

CRONIN, Michael, J.;

JARDIEU, Paula, M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

GENENTECH, INC.

LANGUAGE OF PUBL.:

English

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
WO 9300109	A1	19930107

DESIGNATED STATES

W:

AU CA JP AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LU MC NL SE

APPLICATION INFO.:

WO 1992-US4489 A 19920529

PRIORITY INFO.:

US 1991-723,359 19910628

=> d kwic 5

L23 ANSWER 5 OF 5

PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . antigen did not yield detectable antibodies against P EG-1 900-catalase or native catalase whereas the antiserum from intramuscular administered antigen contained antibodies to PEG catalase and native catalase. PEG catalase did not react with either antiserum.

=> d kwic 1-5

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 5

PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . measured using a sandwich ELISA that utilizes a capture antibody to aprotinin (produced as described in Example 6) and a reporter antibody to PEG (e.g., AGP3 from Acadmica Sinica). Aprotinin variant plasma levels may also be measured using radiolabeled aprotinin variants (e.g., Shin, Pharm. Pharmacol. Commun.. . .

L23 ANSWER 2 OF 5

PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . In contrast, treatment in the various cycles with PEG-rHuMGDF did show an inhibition in platelet response by Cycle 4, suggesting that antibodies to PEG-

rHuMGDF have been generated and these anti-MGDF antibodies may be  
i h endogenous rhesus TPO.

L23 ANSWER 3 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD Polyclonal antibodies to PEGS can be made  
with the purified protein using methods known in the art. Antibodies are  
raised in suitable animals such. . .

L23 ANSWER 4 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . 42,0 to 79,6 percent of  
that found for native IgG,  
Example 12  
Since in several of the above methods the binding  
of a second antibody to PEG-IgG conjugates  
to determine  
the biologic activities of these conjugates was used to  
compare PEG-IgG conjugates to native IgG, experiments  
to determine the relative. . .

equal  
concentrations (22,5 gg/ml); similar data were found  
for other concentrations of IgG tested, 225 gg/ml and  
2.25 gg/ml)

TABLE 7

BINDING OF A SECOND ANTIBODY

TO PEG-IgG CONJUGATES

% of Control

IgG Bound % of Control

IgG to ELISA IgG Detected

,Compound Plate\* in Solution\*\*

Native IgG 100 100

Conjugates.

L23 ANSWER 5 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . antigen did not yield detectable antibodies against P EG-1  
900-catalase or native  
catalase whereas the antiserum from intramuscular administered antigen  
contained antibodies  
to PEG catalase and native catalase. PEG catalase  
did not react with either  
antiserum.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:47:25 ON 07 MAR 2006)

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:47:38 ON 07 MAR 2006

L1 7 S ANTI () PEG  
L2 4 S L1 NOT PY>2000  
L3 42 S ABS 2  
L4 1 S ANTI () (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL)  
L5 456 S ANTIBOD? (S) (AGAINST OR TO) (S) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL  
L6 626149 S CLEAR? OR REMOV?  
L7 68 S L6 AND L5  
L8 49 S L7 NOT PY>1999  
L9 11 S ANTIBOD? (W) (AGAINST OR TO) (W) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL  
L10 0 S L9 AND L6  
L11 8 S L9 NOT PY>2000

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:54:30 ON 07 MAR 2006

L12 10 S ANTI () PEG  
 L13 5 S L12 NOT PY>2000  
 L14 4 S ANTIBOD? (W) (AGAINST OR TO) (W) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL  
 L15 1611632 S CLEAR? OR REMOV?  
 L16 0 S L15 AND L14  
 L17 195985 S L14 AND RETENT? OR RETAIN?  
 L18 1 S L14 AND (RETENT? OR RETAIN?)

FILE 'PCTFULL' ENTERED AT 10:57:26 ON 07 MAR 2006

L19 7 S ANTI () PEG  
 L20 0 S L19 NOT PY>2000  
 L21 15 S ANTIBOD? (W) (AGAINST OR TO) (W) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL  
 L22 293482 S L15 NOT PY>2000  
 L23 5 S L21 NOT PY>2000

=> s clear? or remov?  
 303559 CLEAR?  
 489065 REMOV?  
 L24 578709 CLEAR? OR REMOV?

=> s l24 and l23  
 L25 5 L24 AND L23

=> d kwic 1-5

L25 ANSWER 1 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . per molecule, denaturing the  
 double-stranded DNA, renaturing the DNA to form double-stranded DNA  
 which can include  
 sense/antisense pairs from different nicked products, removing  
 single-stranded portions from  
 8  
 reformed duplexes by treatment with S1 nuclease, and ligating the  
 resulting fragment library into  
 an expression vector. By this. . .  
 .  
 chain protected peptide may be cleaved with a base and the appropriate  
 alcohol (e.g., methanol). Side chain protecting groups may be  
 removed in the usual fashion by  
 treatment with hydrogen fluoride to obtain the desired ester. In  
 preparing peptide mimetics  
 wherein the C-terminall carboxyl. . . dialkylamide (i.e., the  
 C-terminus is --  
 C(O)NRR,, where R and R, are alkyl, a lower alkyl). Side chain  
 protection is then removed in the  
 usual fashion by treatment with hydrogen fluoride to give the free  
 amides, alkylamides, or  
 dialkylamides.  
 .  
 measured using a sandwich ELISA that utilizes a capture antibody to  
 aprotinin (produced as described in Example 6) and a reporter  
 antibody to PEG (e.g., AGP3 from  
 Acadmica Sinica). Aprotinin variant plasma levels may also be measured  
 using radiolabeled  
 aprotinin variants (e.g., Shin, Pharm. Pharmacol. Commun.. . .  
 .  
 (80 mg/kg, i.p.) and treated with aprotinin (10 mg/kg, i.v.). Ten  
 minutes later, the distal 2 mm of tail is removed and placed  
 in to saline. The time for bleeding to  
 stop is measured. Aprotinin and active variants reduce the bleeding  
 time. . .

L25 ANSWER 2 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD Various studies using animal models (Ulich, TR. et al., Blood 86:971-976 (1995); Hokorn, M.M. et al., Blood 86:4486-4492 (1995)) have clearly demonstrated the therapeutic efficacies of TPO and MGDF in bone marrow transplantation and in the treatment of thrombocytopenia, a condition that often. . .

Even if the Cys residues that normally form disulfide bonds in the Fe dimer are

removed or replaced by other residues, the monomeric chains will generally dimerize through non-covalent interactions. The term Fe herein is used to. . .

In Fe deletion variants, one or more amino acid residues in an Fe polypeptide are removed. Deletions can be effected at one or both termini of the Fe polypeptide, or with removal of one or more residues within the Fe amino acid sequence. Deletion variants, therefore, include all fragments of an Fe polypeptide. . .

In Fe substitution variants, one or more amino acid residues of an Fe polypeptide are removed and replaced with alternative residues. In one aspect, the substitutions are conservative in nature, however, the invention embraces substitutions that ore also. . .

the Fe sequences. In

21

particular, the amino acids at positions 7 and 10 of SEQ ID NO:5 are cysteine residues. One may remove each of these cysteine residues or substitute one or more such cysteine residues with other amino acids, such as Ala or. . .

oil of theobroma. Such compositions may influence the physical state, stability, rate of in vivo release, and rate of in vivo clearance of the present proteins and derivatives. See, e.g., Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 18th Ed. (I 990, Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA 18042) pages. . .

incorporated by reference. Such formulations may influence the physical state, stability, rate of in vivo release, and rate of in vivo clearance of the administered agents. Depending on the route of administration, a suitable dose may be calculated according to body weight, body surface. . .

used for side chain protection of the Lys on the linker and Boc-Ile-OH was used for the last coupling. Dde was removed by using anhydrous hydrazine (2% in NMP, 3x2min), followed by coupling with bromoacetic anhydride preformed by the action of DCC. For peptide. . . was effected at RT for 4 hr, using trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) containing 2.5% H<sub>2</sub>O, 5% phenol, 2.5% triisopropylsilane and 2.5% thioanisole. After removal of TFA, the cleaved peptide was precipitated with cold anhydrous ether. Disulfide formation of

the cyclic peptide was performed directly on the. . .

Clearly, the activity of the tandem linked dimers may also depend on proper selection of the length and composition of the linker. . .

second monomer) and parallel dimers (D terminal of first monomer linked to C terminal of second monomer) in the same assay clearly demonstrated the superiority of tandem dimerized product compared to parallel dimer products. It is interesting to note that a wide range of. . .

protection of the lysine E-amine. Once the whole peptide chain was assembled, the N-terminal amine was reprotected with t-Boc. Dde was then removed to allow for the bromoacetylation. This strategy gave a high quality crude peptide which was easily purified using conventional reverse phase HPLC.. . .

5 M urea, pH 9. The pH of this mixture was then adjusted to pH 5 with acetic acid. The precipitate was

removed by centrifugation and the supernatant was loaded onto a SP-Sepharose Fast Flow column equilibrated in 20 mM NaAc, 100 mM NaCl,. . .

enhance the in vivo activity of the modified peptide by providing it a protection against proteolytic degradation and by slowing down its clearance through renal filtration. It was unexpected that pegylation could further increase the in vitro bioactivity of a tandem dimerized TNIP peptide in. . .

In contrast, treatment in the various cycles with PEG-rHuMGDF did show an inhibition in platelet response by Cycle 4, suggesting that antibodies to PEG-rHuMGDF have been generated and these anti-MGDF antibodies may be in endogenous rhesus TPO.

L25 ANSWER 3 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . the lungs or digestive tract and once ingested, lead accumulates in bones and teeth. Long-term chelation therapy can be used to remove lead from bone tissue. However, if lead poisoning is untreated, the sequestered lead in bone tissue can be reintroduced into. . .

The present invention includes the step of isolating PEGS from the sample, thereby removing the confounding effect of interfering substances in the sample composition. The use of PEGS as a biological marker is an. . .

and 10<sup>-8</sup> M in hemolysate (P.N.B. Gibbs, A-G. Chaudhry and P.M. Jordan, Biochem. J. 230:25-34 (1985)), PEGS can be quantitatively removed from a hemolysate sample using monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies. PEGS can be isolated from the blood of a test subject using antibodies. . .

Polyclonal antibodies to PEGS can be made with the purified protein using methods known in the art. Antibodies are raised in suitable animals such. . .

PEGS for raising antibodies may be isolated from outdated blood by a method which uses a batch extraction technique to remove the hemoglobin (P.N.B. Gibbs, A-G. Chaudhry and P.M. Jordan, Biochem. J

(b) Lead-inhibited PEGS would be distinguished from active PEGS as follows :

The double dipstick would be removed from the first vessel, split in half, and each individual dipstick, labelled either A or B, would be placed in a. . .

reaction would be allowed to proceed for a short period of time, approximately five minutes. Alternatively, the dipsticks could be removed to a third vessel containing, respectively, Buffer A plus 10 ALA and Buffer B plus ALA

L25 ANSWER 4 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . is dissolved in a basic buffer solution, for example 0,01 M sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7,8, and then dialyzed against the buffer to remove residual salts. The concentrated serum Ig is then combined with activated PEG which can be obtained by a chemical process involving either 1,11-carbonyldiimidazole,. . .

serum immunoglobulin G in 0,01 M sodium phosphate buffer at pH 7\*8. The resulting solution was then dialyzed against the buffer to remove residual salts. Determination of the final concentration of the immunoglobulin G was done spectrophotometrically using an extinction coefficient of 138 as E45 for. . .

50) to remove residual carbonyldiimidazole, The resulting activated PEG solution was dialyzed against distilled water, lyophilized, and stored desiccated, Example 3

Activated PEG produced by the method. . .

15 g SS-PEG, The mixture is stirred for 30 min at room-temperature and clarified by Millipore filtration (1.2 gm membrane), Unbound SS-PEG is removed by dialysis against 10 volumes of buffer using an Amicon cell as described above, Each preparation of PEG-IgG is sterilized by filtration. . .

Heat aggregated human IgG and PEG-conjugates were produced by heating 10 mg/ml solutions of each in PBS to 630 for 30 minutes, After removing the largest (visible) aggregates by brief centrifugation (3,000 rpm from 5 minutes) the aggregates contained in the supernatants of these solutions were used. . .

42,0 to 79,6 percent of that found for native IgG, Example 12

Since in several of the above methods the binding of a second antibody to PEG-IgG conjugates to determine the biologic activities of these conjugates was used to

compare PEG-IgG conjugates to native IgG, experiments to determine the relative. . .

buffer, pH 4,5 with pepsin (Worthington Biochemical Corp., Free Hold, NJ,) at an enzyme substrate ratio of 1:100, In one experiment, aliquots were removed from the reaction mixture at 1, 3f 5l 7f 9 and 16 hours; in another, all reactions were stopped in 6 hours,. . .

equal concentrations (22,5 gg/ml); similar data were found for other concentrations of IgG tested, 225 gg/ml and 2.25 ggfml)

#### TABLE 7

##### BINDING OF A SECOND ANTIBODY

##### TO PEG-IgG CONJUGATES

% of Control

IgG Bound % of Control

IgG to ELISA IgG Detected

,Compound Plate\* in Solution\*\*

Native IgG 100 100

Conjugates.

L25 ANSWER 5 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . tolerate. The short half-life of hGH is believed to be due to its small molecular weight (22,000 dafton), and rapid renal clearance, which has been found to be proportional to the molecular weight of protein in 35 circulation. Pegylation, meaning conjugating polyethylene glycol. . .

bovine serum albumin exhibited a blood circulating life in rabbits similar to native bovine serum albumin go except that it was not removed from circulation by the eventual development of antibodies.

antigen did not yield detectable antibodies against P EG-1 900-catalase or native catalase whereas the antiserum from intramuscular administered antigen contained antibodies

to PEG catalase and native catalase. PEG catalase did not react with either antiserum.

attached polymers such as polyethelene glycol, polypropylene glycol or carbohydrates; and 3) other macromolecules such as proteins, lipids, or glycolipids that reduce clearance and are not immunogenic.

the continuous presence of GH when the GH is complexed with itself or with another macromolecule such that the GH is not cleared from the plasma. Intermittent GH use is defined as administration every 3 or more days, preferably every 6 or more days.. . .

The present invention clearly shows that the s.c. administration of hGH as a continuous infusion or PEG-GH as daily or infrequent intermittent injections are optimal. . .

Therefore, it is clear that at this dose of hGH (0.1 mg/kg/day) continuous administration and daily injection have equal effects on whole body weight gain.

and that the difference could be due to the GHBP giving a lot more continuous GH exposure and a larger response. Clearly the rate of weight gain for hGH plus GHBP is substantially greater. This increased spleen weight gain is also plotted as.

growth of the thymus. This large absolute and relative growth response may be due to the met-hGH delivered by injections being cleared rapidly from the body whereas the PEG-hGH molecules are cleared more slowly and leads to a relative continuous GH exposure.

At sacrifice, a blood sample was taken, and the liver, kidneys, heart, spleen, and thymus were removed, blotted dry, and immediately weighed. The spleen and thymus were immediately placed in buffer and then cells were obtained by.

treated rats gained  $34.5 \pm 9.4$  g, and IGF and GH-treated rats gained 45.5

9.9 g. The response to IGR was clearly large, and the response to GH plus IGR appeared to be additive. IGR at the doses used was markedly anabolic. A.

The effect of IGR was clearly greater than that of hGH.

There was a clear effect of IGR on all the organ weights. Liver increased by 6.6%, kidneys by 16.6%, heart by 18.5%, thymus by 27.0%.

30 Using this scheme characteristic, thymic involution was seen in the excipient and the GH-treated groups. However, there was clear evidence of lymphocytic hyperplasia and the restoration of the thymic architecture in the groups that received des-IGF-I and des-IGF-I plus bGH. The.

blood sample was taken, and the thymus, spleen, heart, liver, kidney, and mandibular and mesenteric lymph nodes from each treatment group were removed aseptically and weighed.

growth of the spleen and the thymus after 7 days of treatment with IGF-I. In the first experiment there was a clear dose-related effect of IGR on the spleen (excipient  $105 \pm 14$ , low dose  $124 \pm 21$ ; medium dose  $145 \pm 58$ ; . . . experiment; this was probably due to the thymus being dissected differently by different dissectors. In the repeat experiment, one dissector uniformly removed the thymus, and significant thymic growth was detected (excipient,  $15.2 \pm 1.3$ ; high dose  $26.2 \pm 6.4$  mg,  $p = 0.006$ ).

Femurs and tibiae were removed from 40 donor animals. The bone



marrow was  
flushed out with PBS. Cells were centrifuged and washed with saline.  
Viable. . .

at this time. The remaining animals were sacrificed 23 days after the  
irradiation  
treatment. Spleens, thymuses, livers, and hearts were removed  
and weighed. Long bones  
were taken for histology and the spleens and thymuses retained for  
cytological and in vitro  
assays. Blood was: . .

92.0±8.3

IGF-I high 27.3±10.9\* 1 51.2±9.3\*\*. 1 125.0±35.4\* 103.6±19.4

p < 0.05 of Marrow Only on same day

P < 0.01

15

There was a clear effect of IGR increasing thymus and spleen  
weight in this model.

The body weight changes for all four groups are shown in Figure 21. The  
figure shows

clearly the very large weight loss in the animals following  
radiation exposure. There was a

clear dose-related effect of IGR protecting the mice from this  
catabolism. High-dose IGR  
had a significant anabolic effect as early as seven. . .

is as an immunoadjuvant. Whenever  
immunizing a mammal or avian, priming with GH and or IGR to accelerate  
the immunization  
process is clearly indicated in the present invention.

CLMEN. . . of claim 1 wherein said method is accomplished using a growth  
hormone  
complexed to one or more macromolecules to reduce GH clearance  
from the blood plasma.

=>

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NEWS 9	JAN 13	IPC 8 searching in IFIPAT, IFIUDB, and IFICDB
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NEWS 18	FEB 22	Updates in EPFULL; IPC 8 enhancements added
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NEWS 21	FEB 28	TOXCENTER reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 22	FEB 28	REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY enhanced with more experimental spectral property data
NEWS 23	MAR 01	INSPEC reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 24	MAR 03	Updates in PATDPA; addition of IPC 8 data without attributes
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=> s CLPGHWGFPSC/SQEP

1 CLPGHWGFPSC/SQEP

86624 SQL=11

L1

1 CLPGHWGFPSC/SQEP

(CLPGHWGFPSC/SQEP AND SQL=11)

=> file caplus

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=> s 11

L2 2 L1

=> d ibib 1-2

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:754239 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:284340  
TITLE: Liposome targeting of matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors  
INVENTOR(S): Penate Medina, Oula; Koivunen, Erkki; Kinnunen, Paavo  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Licentia Ltd., Finland  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002076491	A1	20021003	WO 2002-FI252	20020326
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
FI 2001000620	A	20020927	FI 2001-620	20010326
FI 113840	B1	20040630		
CA 2441227	AA	20021003	CA 2002-2441227	20020326
EE 200300467	A	20031215	EE 2003-467	20020326
EP 1372694	A1	20040102	EP 2002-706813	20020326
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
BR 2002008681	A	20040330	BR 2002-8681	20020326
CN 1531439	A	20040922	CN 2002-807311	20020326
JP 2004529127	T2	20040924	JP 2002-575004	20020326
NZ 528043	A	20050826	NZ 2002-528043	20020326
US 2004213833	A1	20041028	US 2003-471980	20030916
NO 2003004280	A	20031125	NO 2003-4280	20030925
US 2005271588	A1	20051208	US 2005-125186	20050510

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

FI 2001-620 A 20010326  
 WO 2002-FI252 W 20020326  
 US 2003-471980 A3 20030916

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:401931 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:247122

TITLE: Binding of novel peptide inhibitors of type IV collagenases to phospholipid membranes and use in liposome targeting to tumor cells in vitro

AUTHOR(S): Medina, Oula Penate; Soderlund, Tim; Laakkonen, Liisa J.; Tuominen, Esa K. J.; Koivunen, Erkki; Kinnunen, Paavo K. J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Helsinki Biophysics and Biomembrane Group, Department of Medical Chemistry, Institute of Biomedicine, University of Helsinki, Helsinki, FIN-00014, Finland

SOURCE: Cancer Research (2001), 61(10), 3978-3985

CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

PUBLISHER: American Association for Cancer Research

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 54 THERE ARE 54 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L3 26 CLPGHWGFPSC/SQSP

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=> s 13  
L4 21 L3

=> s 14 and liposom?  
49407 LIPOSOM?  
L5 2 L4 AND LIPOSOM?

=> d ibib 1-5

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:754239 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:284340  
TITLE: Liposome targeting of matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors  
INVENTOR(S): Penate Medina, Oula; Koivunen, Erkki; Kinnunen, Paavo  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Licentia Ltd., Finland  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002076491	A1	20021003	WO 2002-FI252	20020326
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,				

CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,  
 GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,  
 LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,  
 PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,  
 UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,  
 CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,  
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

FI 2001000620	A	20020927	FI 2001-620	20010326
FI 113840	B1	20040630		
CA 2441227	AA	20021003	CA 2002-2441227	20020326
EE 200300467	A	20031215	EE 2003-467	20020326
EP 1372694	A1	20040102	EP 2002-706813	20020326
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
BR 2002008681	A	20040330	BR 2002-8681	20020326
CN 1531439	A	20040922	CN 2002-807311	20020326
JP 2004529127	T2	20040924	JP 2002-575004	20020326
NZ 528043	A	20050826	NZ 2002-528043	20020326
US 2004213833	A1	20041028	US 2003-471980	20030916
NO 2003004280	A	20031125	NO 2003-4280	20030925
US 2005271588	A1	20051208	US 2005-125186	20050510
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FI 2001-620	A 20010326
			WO 2002-FI252	W 20020326
			US 2003-471980	A3 20030916

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:401931 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:247122  
 TITLE: Binding of novel peptide inhibitors of type IV  
 collagenases to phospholipid membranes and use in  
 liposome targeting to tumor cells in vitro  
 AUTHOR(S): Medina, Oula Penate; Soderlund, Tim; Laakkonen, Liisa  
 J.; Tuominen, Esa K. J.; Koivunen, Erkki; Kinnunen,  
 Paavo K. J.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Helsinki Biophysics and Biomembrane Group, Department  
 of Medical Chemistry, Institute of Biomedicine,  
 University of Helsinki, Helsinki, FIN-00014, Finland  
 SOURCE: Cancer Research (2001), 61(10), 3978-3985  
 CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472  
 PUBLISHER: American Association for Cancer Research  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 54 THERE ARE 54 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> s target?  
 L6 460128 TARGET?

=> s 16 and 14  
 L7 7 L6 AND L4

=> s 17 not py>2000  
 5537520 PY>2000  
 L8 0 L7 NOT PY>2000

=> s 17 not py>2001  
 4594403 PY>2001  
 L9 1 L7 NOT PY>2001

=> d 17 ibib 1-7

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:979013 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:18193  
TITLE: The status, quality, and expansion of the NIH  
full-length cDNA project: The mammalian gene  
collection (MGC)  
AUTHOR(S): Gerhard, Daniela S.; Wagner, Lukas; Feingold, Elise  
A.; Shenmen, Carolyn M.; Grouse, Lynette H.; Schuler,  
Greg; Klein, Steven L.; Old, Susan; Rasooly, Rebekah;  
Good, Peter; Guyer, Mark; Peck, Allicon M.; Derge,  
Jeffery G.; Lipman, David; Collins, Francis S.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: The MGC Project Team, NIH, USA  
SOURCE: Genome Research (2004), 14(10b), 2121-2127  
CODEN: GEREFS; ISSN: 1088-9051  
PUBLISHER: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:471053 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:37227  
TITLE: Gene expression profiles for detecting soft tissue  
sarcomas and compositions and methods of screening for  
soft tissue sarcoma modulators  
INVENTOR(S): Aziz, Natasha; Ginsburg, Wendy M.; Zlotnik, Albert  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Protein Design Labs, Inc.; USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 210 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004048938	A2	20040610	WO 2003-US38193	20031126
WO 2004048938	A3	20050630		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 2004253606	A1	20041216	US 2003-723860	20031126
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-429739P	P 20021126

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:449883 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:402911  
TITLE: Binary prediction tree modeling with many predictors  
and its uses in clinical and genomic applications  
INVENTOR(S): Nevins, Joseph R.; West, Mike; Huang, Andrew T.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Duke University, USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 886 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5  
PATENT INFORMATION:



PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004038376	A2	20040506	WO 2003-XA33946	20031024
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

WO 2004038376	A2	20040506	WO 2003-US33946	20031024
WO 2004038376	A3	20040826		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2002-420729P	P	20021024
US 2002-421062P	P	20021025
US 2002-421102P	P	20021025
US 2002-424701P	P	20021108
US 2002-424715P	P	20021108
US 2002-424718P	P	20021108
US 2002-425256P	P	20021112
US 2003-448461P	P	20030221
US 2003-448462P	P	20030221
US 2003-457877P	P	20030327
US 2003-458373P	P	20030331
WO 2003-US33946	A	20031024

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:837371 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:333132

TITLE: Targets for therapeutic intervention identified in the human mitochondrial proteome

INVENTOR(S): Ghosh, Soumitra S.; Fahy, Eoin D.; Zhang, Bing; Gibson, Bradford W.; Taylor, Steven W.; Glenn, Gary M.; Warnock, Dale E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitokor, USA; The Buck Institute for Age Research

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 180 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003087768	A2	20031023	WO 2003-US10870	20030404
WO 2003087768	A3	20051124		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,				

PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,  
 TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,  
 FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,  
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2004101874 A1 20040527 US 2003-408765 20030404  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-372843P P 20020412  
 US 2002-389987P P 20020617  
 US 2002-412418P P 20020920

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:754239 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:284340  
 TITLE: Liposome targeting of matrix  
 metalloproteinase inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Penate Medina, Oula; Koivunen, Erkki; Kinnunen, Paavo  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Licentia Ltd., Finland  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002076491	A1	20021003	WO 2002-FI252	20020326
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
FI 2001000620	A	20020927	FI 2001-620	20010326
FI 113840	B1	20040630		
CA 2441227	AA	20021003	CA 2002-2441227	20020326
EE 200300467	A	20031215	EE 2003-467	20020326
EP 1372694	A1	20040102	EP 2002-706813	20020326
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
BR 2002008681	A	20040330	BR 2002-8681	20020326
CN 1531439	A	20040922	CN 2002-807311	20020326
JP 2004529127	T2	20040924	JP 2002-575004	20020326
NZ 528043	A	20050826	NZ 2002-528043	20020326
US 2004213833	A1	20041028	US 2003-471980	20030916
NO 2003004280	A	20031125	NO 2003-4280	20030925
US 2005271588	A1	20051208	US 2005-125186	20050510
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FI 2001-620 A 20010326 WO 2002-FI252 W 20020326 US 2003-471980 A3 20030916				
REFERENCE COUNT:	2	THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT		

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:401931 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:247122  
 TITLE: Binding of novel peptide inhibitors of type IV  
 collagenases to phospholipid membranes and use in  
 liposome targeting to tumor cells in vitro  
 AUTHOR(S): Medina, Oula Penate; Soderlund, Tim; Laakkonen, Liisa

J.; Tuominen, Esa K. J.; Koivunen, Erkki; Kinnunen, Paavo K. J.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Helsinki Biophysics and Biomembrane Group, Department of Medical Chemistry, Institute of Biomedicine, University of Helsinki, Helsinki, FIN-00014, Finland  
 SOURCE: Cancer Research (2001), 61(10), 3978-3985  
 CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472  
 PUBLISHER: American Association for Cancer Research  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 54 THERE ARE 54 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:265589 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:309238  
 TITLE: Human genes which expression is responsive to shear stress, the cDNA and protein sequences, and their use for developing drugs for vascular diseases  
 INVENTOR(S): Nojima, Hiroshi; Yoshisue, Hajime; Obayashi, Masaya; Ota, Toshio; Kawabata, Ayako; Sakurada, Kazuhiro; Kuga, Tetsuro; Sekine, Susumu; Nakamura, Yusuke; Sugano, Sumio  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 678 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001025427	A1	20010412	WO 2000-JP6840	20001002
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG AU 2000074523 A5 20010510 AU 2000-74523 20001002 EP 1225224 A1 20020724 EP 2000-963041 20001002 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1999-280976 A 19991001 WO 2000-JP6840 W 20001002 REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT				

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 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS  
 FULL ESTIMATED COST  
 SINCE FILE ENTRY 19.90  
 TOTAL SESSION 59.69

FILE 'PCTFULL' ENTERED AT 11:27:46 ON 07 MAR 2006  
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FILE LAST UPDATED: 05 MAR 2006 <20060305/UPTX>  
 MOST RECENT UPDATE WEEK: 200608  
 FILE COVERS 1978 TO DATE

>>> IMAGES ARE AVAILABLE ONLINE AND FOR EMAIL-PRINTS <<<

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DEVELOPMENTS AND SEE OUR NEWS SECTION FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

>>> UPDATING OF BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA DELAYED DUE TO DELIVERY  
FORMAT CHANGES <<<

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BECOME AVAILABLE <<<

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L10 1 CLPGHWGFPSC

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L11 1 ?CLPGHWGFPSC?

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L11 ANSWER 1 OF 1 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002076491 PCTFULL ED 20021011 EW 200240  
TITLE (ENGLISH): LIPOSOME TARGETING OF MATRIX METALLOPROTEINASE  
INHIBITORS  
TITLE (FRENCH): CIBLAGE DE LIPOSOMES AU MOYEN D'INHIBITEURS DE  
METALLOPROTEINASES MATRICIELLES  
INVENTOR(S): PENATE MEDINA, Oula, Sturenkatu 13 A 31, FIN-00510  
Helsinki, FI [FI, FI];  
KOIVUNEN, Erkki, Lokkisaarentie 5 C 319, FIN-00980  
Helsinki, FI [FI, FI];  
KINNUNEN, Paavo, Punarinnantie 4, FIN-02660 Espoo, FI  
[FI, FI]  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): LICENTIA LTD, Erottajankatu 19 B 5, FIN-00130 Helsinki,  
FI [FI, FI], for all designates States except US;  
PENATE MEDINA, Oula, Sturenkatu 13 A 31, FIN-00510  
Helsinki, FI [FI, FI], for US only;  
KOIVUNEN, Erkki, Lokkisaarentie 5 C 319, FIN-00980  
Helsinki, FI [FI, FI], for US only;  
KINNUNEN, Paavo, Punarinnantie 4, FIN-02660 Espoo, FI  
[FI, FI], for US only  
AGENT: OY JALO ANT-WUORINEN AB\$, Iso Roobertinkatu 4-6 A,  
FIN-00120 Helsinki\$, FI  
LANGUAGE OF FILING: English  
LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
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WO 2002076491	A1	20021003

DESIGNATED STATES  
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AE	AG	AL	AM	AT	AU	AZ	BA	BB	BG	BR	BY	BZ	CA	CH	CN	CO	CR
CU	CZ	DE	DK	DM	DZ	EC	EE	ES	FI	GB	GD	GE	GH	GM	HR	HU	ID
IL	IN	IS	JP	KE	KG	KP	KR	KZ	LC	LK	LR	LS	LT	LU	LV	MA	MD
MG	MK	MN	MW	MX	MZ	NO	NZ	OM	PH	PL	PT	RO	RU	SD	SE	SG	SI
SK	SL	TJ	TM	TN	TR	TT	TZ	UA	UG	US	UZ	VN	YU	ZA	ZM	ZW	
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RW (EAPO): AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM																	
RW (EPO): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE																	
TR																	
RW (OAPI): BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG																	

APPLICATION INFO.: WO 2002-FI252 A 20020326  
PRIORITY INFO.: FI 2001-20010620 20010326

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FULL ESTIMATED COST	3.13	62.82

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 11:28:42 ON 07 MAR 2006